HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND
CONSERVATION DISTRICT
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENT
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
JUNE 30, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners Humboldt Bay Harbor, Recreation and Conservation District Eureka, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Humboldt Bay Harbor, Recreation and Conservation District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and each major fund of the District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State of California Controller's Office and state regulations governing special districts; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 12 and, the schedule of proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and schedule of pension contributions on pages 42 through 44, to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 18, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Harshwal & Company LLP

San Diego, California January 18, 2023

This section of Humboldt Bay Harbor, Recreation and Conservation District's annual financial report represents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report and the District's basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's operating revenues increased by \$1,469,740, or 62.3 percent.
- The District's operating expenses decreased by \$168,689, or 4.5 percent.
- General revenues from taxes, interest, and investments accounted for \$1,587,468 in revenues or 28.5 percent of all revenues.
- The District had total expenditures of \$3,761,130, and total revenue of \$5,575,686. The resulting increase in net position of \$1,814,556 includes net government grant income of \$61,076, and depreciation expense in the amount of \$658,136.
- Notes payable debt has decreased \$835,098 from the prior fiscal year due to scheduled debt service payments.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise two components: the government-wide financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The basic financial statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.

The financial statements also include notes that provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide financial statements.

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District as a whole is reported in the government-wide financial statements and uses accounting methods similar to those used by companies in the private sector. All of the District's assets and liabilities are included in the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position reports all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. The District's financial health or position (net position) can be measured by the difference between the District's assets and liabilities.

Increases or decreases in the net position of the District over time are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

Additional non-financial factors such as the condition of buildings and other facilities, and changes in the property tax base of the District need to be considered in assessing the overall health of the District.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

The District's financial statements provide detailed information about the District's one proprietary fund.

Enterprise Fund:

Because a large portion of the District's revenues are obtained from various charges to customers, all of the District's activities are accounted for in an enterprise fund, which is a proprietary fund type. Enterprise funds provide both long and short-term financial information.

ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the District's activities:

Table 1
Comparative Statement of Net Position

		2022		2021		Change
Assets		_		_		
Cash & cash equivalents Receivables, net Other assets New Market loan receivable	\$	3,869,046 956,395 32,089 5,849,375	\$	732,213 773,319 123,098 5,849,375	\$	3,136,833 183,076 (91,009)
Lease receivable		3,470,176		-		3,470,176
Capital assets, net	_	10,345,400	-	10,898,335		(552,935)
Total assets	_	24,522,481	_	18,376,340		6,146,141
Deferred outflows of resources						
Deferred outflows of resources - pension Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Deferred outflows of resources - bond refunding		281,188 842 11,523		304,271 1,897 14,736		(23,083) (1,055) (3,213)
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	293,553	_	320,904	•	(27,351)
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	_	24,816,034	_	18,697,244		6,118,790
Liabilities						
Payables and other liabilities Unearned income Environment remediation liability Current portion of notes payable Other long-term liabilities Long-term portion of notes payable	<u>-</u>	845,045 4,691,562 - 327,959 764,495 2,699,082	_	509,024 4,500,893 10,163 496,947 1,371,545 3,365,192	-	336,021 190,669 (10,163) (168,988) (607,050) (666,110)
Total liabilities	_	9,328,143	_	10,253,764		(925,621)
Deferred inflows of resources						
Deferred inflows of resources - pension Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB Deferred inflows of resources - Cal Trans Spartina Deferred inflows of resources - lease	_	590,149 29,113 1,313,052 3,450,831	_	101,377 51,913 - -		488,772 (22,800) 1,313,052 3,450,831
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	5,383,145	_	153,290		5,229,855
Net position						
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	_	9,404,912 1,610,309 (910,475)	_	9,229,636 730,732 (1,670,178)	-	175,276 879,577 759,703
Total net position	_	10,104,746	_	8,290,190		1,814,556
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ <u>_</u>	24,816,034	\$_	18,697,244	\$	6,118,790

Total net position of the District increased by 21.9 percent, or \$1,814,556 as of June 30, 2022.

Table 2
Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

		2022		2021		Change
Operating Revenues						
Rents and leases	\$	2,759,701	\$	1,327,112	\$	1,432,589
Slip rentals		819,353		734,388		84,965
Harbor improvement surcharge		140,939		189,916		(48,977)
Other revenue		109,106	-	107,943	-	1,163
Total operating revenues	_	3,829,099	-	2,359,359	-	1,469,740
Operating Expenses						
Salaries, wages and benefits		1,277,174		1,334,484		(57,310)
Depreciation		658,136		856,992		(198,856)
Repairs and maintenance		251,344		220,411		30,933
Professional and outside services		206,973		204,072		2,901
Redwood terminal 2 expenses		227,843		221,005		6,838
Utilities		451,435		384,308		67,127
Other operating expenses		516,668	-	536,990	-	(20,322)
Total operating expenses	_	3,589,573	_	3,758,262	_	(168,689)
Operating income (loss)	_	239,526	_	(1,398,903)	_	1,638,429
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
General property taxes		1,244,693		1,146,344		98,349
Investment income (loss)		342,775		163,664		179,111
Grants and other income		159,119		1,079,888		(920,769)
Grant expenses		(930)		(142,880)		141,950
Interest expenses		(162,388)		(206,592)		44,204
Other nonoperating expenses	_	(8,239)	-	(2,234)	-	(6,005)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	1,575,030	-	2,038,190	_	(463,160)
Change in net position	\$_	1,814,556	\$	639,287	\$	1,175,269

Operating revenues increased \$1,469,740 over the prior year, and operating expenses decreased \$168,689. The significant increase in operating revenue was due to a 2021/22 trans-pacific fiber optic cable landing fee of \$1,383,333. The decrease in operating expenses was due to a decrease in depreciation expenses as well as a decrease in repairs and maintenance expenses.

NET POSITION OF THE DISTRICT'S ENTERPRISE FUND

Table 3 presents the net position of the District's one fund, the Enterprise Fund, and an analysis of significant changes in the fund's net position.

Table 3 Changes in Year-End Net Position

	2022	2021	Change	% Change
Net Position, June 30,	\$10,104,746	\$ 8,290,190	\$ 1,814,556	21.89 %

The 21.89 percent increase is due to a trans-pacific fiber optic cable landing fee of 1,383,333 and increase in other upland lease.

Table 4 presents a summary of enterprise fund revenues for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the amounts and percentages of increases and decreases of revenues in relation to the prior year.

Table 4 Summary of Revenues

	2021-22 Amount	Percent of Total	2020-21 Amount		Change
Revenues:					
Rents and leases	\$ 2,759,701	49.50 % \$	1,327,112	\$	1,432,589
Slip rentals	819,353	14.70 %	734,388		84,965
Harbor improvement surcharge	140,939	2.53 %	189,916		(48,977)
Other operating income	109,106	1.96 %	107,943		1,163
General property taxes	1,244,693	22.32 %	1,146,344		98,349
Interest Income	342,775	6.15 %	163,664		179,111
Grant and other nonoperating income	159,119	2.85 %	1,079,888	_	(920,769)
Total revenues	\$ 5,575,686	100.00 % \$	4,749,255	\$_	826,431

Rents and leases increased due to a 2021/22 trans-pacific fiber optic cable landing fee of \$1,383,333. Slip rentals increased due to continued recovery from impacts of the Covid-19 pandemic. Harbor Improvement Surcharge revenue decreased due to a decrease in shipping in 21/22. Interest income increased due to the implementation of GASB 87, *Leases*, and the resulting reclassification of a portion of lease payments from lease payments from lease revenue to interest revenue. Grant revenue varies from year to year based on available grant funding.

Table 5 presents the variance between the District's budget and the actual results for the fiscal year. The District had no budget modifications during the year, so the final budget and the adopted budget were identical.

Table 5
Final Budget versus Actual Results

	_	Original & Final Budget	_	Actual	_	Variance
Operating Revenues						
Rents and leases Slip rentals Dredging and float replacement surcharge Harbor improvement surcharge Other revenue	\$	2,832,060 641,000 150,000 210,000 52,490	\$	2,759,701 622,017 197,336 140,939 109,106	\$	(72,359) (18,983) 47,336 (69,061) 56,616
Total operating revenues	_	3,885,550	-	3,829,099	_	(56,451)
Operating Expenses						
Salaries, wages and benefits Depreciation Dredging Professional and outside services Redwood terminal 2 expenses Repairs and maintenance Utilities Other operating expenses Total operating expenses	_	1,420,506 318,000 301,700 211,800 257,150 279,030 611,780 3,399,966	_	1,277,174 658,136 206,973 227,843 251,344 451,435 516,668 3,589,573	_	143,332 (658,136) 318,000 94,727 (16,043) 5,806 (172,405) 95,112 (189,607)
Operating income (loss)	_	485,584	-	239,526	-	(246,058)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)		•		,		, , ,
General property taxes Investment income (loss) Grants and other income Grant expenses Interest expenses Other nonoperating expenses Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	1,278,178 164,800 401,272 (194,000) (176,700) (675,367)	-	1,244,693 342,775 159,119 (930) (162,388) (8,239)	_	(33,485) 177,975 (242,153) 193,070 14,312 667,128
Change in net position	\$	1,283,767	\$	1,814,556	\$	530,789

Final Budget versus Actual Results

The favorable variance of \$143,332 in salaries, wages and benefits was due to changes in the District's portion of the State-wide PERS liability and a decrease in the District's liability for other post-employment benefits. The unfavorable variance of \$658,136 in depreciation was due to the District's policy of the budgeting for actual capital outlay for the year rather than depreciation expenses. The favorable variance of \$318,000 in dredging expense is due to the capitalization of dredging expenditures. The unfavorable variance of \$172,405 in utilities is due to higher than anticipated utility expenses. The favorable variance of \$177,975 in investment income is due to the implementation of GASB 87, *Leases*, and the resulting reporting of a portion of lease payments as interest income rather than lease income. The unfavorable variance of \$242,153 in grant revenue and the favorable balance of \$193,070 in grant expenses is due to changes in available and expended grants. The favorable variance of \$667,128 in other nonoperating expenses is due to the District's policy of including the principal portion of debt service payments in the budget, and the inclusion of reserve additions and withdrawals in the budget.

Capital Assets

The District's total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, as of June 30, 2022 was \$10,345,400. The total decrease in net capital assets from the prior year was 5.1 percent. This decrease was due to capital acquisitions being offset by the annual depreciation expense. Capital asset balances as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

Table 6
Comparative Schedule of Capital Assets

	 2022		2021		Change
Land, building and improvement Automotive equipment Office and operating equipment Dredging costs Marina restaurant work-in-progress	\$ 23,217,801 95,639 3,977,194 1,534,660 34,100	\$	23,217,801 95,639 3,977,194 1,429,459 34,100	\$	- - - 105,201 -
Subtotals	28,859,394		28,754,193		105,201
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (18,513,994)		(17,855,858)	_	(658,136)
Capital assets, net	\$ 10,345,400	\$_	10,898,335	\$_	(552,935)

Debt Administration

The District incurred no new long-term debt in 2021-22. The decrease in net pension liability was a result of a decrease in the District's share of the State-wide CalPERS net pension liability. The District is required to report its proportionate share of that liability in its financial statements. The decrease in other post-employment benefits was due to changes in staff eligible for other post-employment benefits. The ending balances for debts and other long-term liabilities, as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 are presented below in Table 7.

Table 7
Debt and Other Long-Term Liabilities

	2022		 2021		Change
Notes Payable:					
Refunding Bonds Series 2014 Compass BBVA Bank Loan Note Payable to Coast Seafoods	\$	1,968,657 1,058,384 -	\$ 2,079,806 1,105,633 676,700	\$	(111,149) (47,249) (676,700)
Total notes payable		3,027,041	 3,862,139		(835,098)
Other Long-Term Liabilities:					
OPEB		186,792	220,710		(33,918)
Net pension liability		577,703	 1,150,835		(573,132)
Total debt and other long-term liabilities	\$	3,791,536	\$ 5,233,684	\$ <u></u>	(1,442,148)

ECONOMIC FACTORS

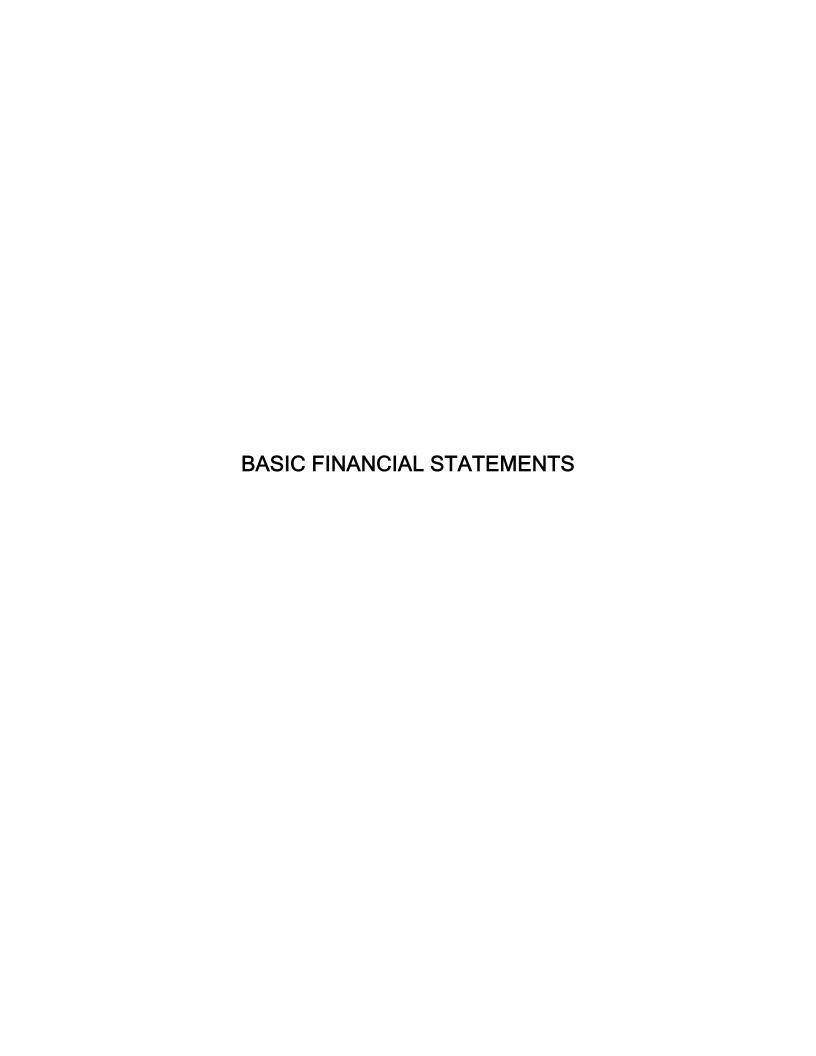
The District's efforts to improve economic conditions include the acquisition and environmental clean-up of the Freshwater Tissue/Redwood Terminal 2 property beginning in 2013/14 and continuing into 2020/21. Redwood Terminal 2 had significant deferred maintenance to buildings and utilities which needed to be addressed in order to attract new tenants to the facility. The District obtained funding through the New Market Tax Credit program which resulted in an estimated \$5 million in renovation and improvements to the site. Revenues from tenants at the Redwood Terminal 2 property has increased to over \$500,000 from new tenant leases.

The District is also actively marketing cruise lines and other shippers to make Humboldt Bay a port of call, and is helping the oyster industry expand through the District's pre-permitting project.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Humboldt Bay Harbor, Recreation and Conservation District P.O. Box 1030 Eureka, California 95502



HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash & cash equivalents Restricted cash & cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Interest receivable Prepaid insurance	\$ 	2,258,737 1,610,309 956,395 11,980 20,109
Total current assets	_	4,857,530
NONCURRENT ASSETS:		
Nondepreciable capital assets Depreciable capital assets, net Notes receivable Lease receivable	_	6,008,177 4,337,223 5,849,375 3,470,176
Total noncurrent assets	_	19,664,951
Total assets	_	24,522,481
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources - pension Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Deferred outflows of resources - bond refunding	_	281,188 842 11,523
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	293,553
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	_	24,816,034
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable Accrued wages, payroll taxes & benefit Unearned income - current Accrued vacation payable Accrued interest payable Customer deposits payable Current portion of notes payable	_	470,309 36,380 1,224,977 43,584 72,058 222,714 327,959
Total current liabilities	\$	2,397,981
		Continued

HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2022

LIABILITIES - CONT'D		
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Net OPEB liabilities	\$	186,792
Unearned income		3,466,585
Net pension liabilities		577,703
Notes payable	_	2,699,082
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	6,930,162
Total liabilities	_	9,328,143
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB		29,113
Deferred inflows of resources - pension		590,149
Deferred inflows of resources - lease		3,450,831
Deferred inflows of resources - Cal Trans Spartina	_	1,313,052
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	5,383,145
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	_	14,711,288
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		9,404,912
Restricted		1,610,309
Unrestricted	_	(910,475)
Total net position	_	10,104,746
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ <u>_</u>	24,816,034

HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

OPERATING REVENUES

OPERATING REVENUES		
Sales & permits Slip rentals Rents and leases Harbor improvement surcharge Other revenue	\$ _	12,626 819,353 2,759,701 140,939 96,480
Total operating revenues	_	3,829,099
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Payroll & related cost Commissioner's fees Accounting & auditing Advertising & promotion Automobile expenses Bad debt Communications Conference & meetings Depreciation Dues & subscriptions Elections & property tax administration fee Insurance Rent and lease Legal & other professional fees Office expenses Operating supplies Outside service Redwood terminal 2 expenses Repairs, maintenance & small tools Utilities Other operating expenses Total operating expenses Operating income (loss)	\$	1,277,174 24,800 46,387 3,564 25,873 44,434 32,028 17,527 658,136 55,395 86,144 105,991 3,334 181,784 42,031 24,465 25,189 227,843 251,344 451,435 4,695 3,589,573
Operating income (loss)	Ψ_	
		Continued

HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)

General property taxes	\$	1,244,693
Investment income (loss)		342,775
Other governmental grant		62,006
Other nonoperating incomes		97,113
Grant expenses		(930)
Interest expenses		(162,388)
Other nonoperating expenses	_	(8,239)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	1,575,030
Change in net position		1,814,556
Net position, beginning	_	8,290,190
Net position, ending	\$_	10,104,746

HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 8,605,678 (1,320,714) (1,378,847)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	5,906,117
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Taxes for general operations Receipt of grant & contract funds from other governments Expenditures of grant funds Payments for other nonoperating costs Other nonoperating receipts	1,244,693 62,006 (930) (8,239) 97,113
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	1,394,643
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL & RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payments to acquire, construct & improve capital assets Principal payments on notes payable & bonds Interest paid Bond refunding premium Lease assets receivable	(105,201) (835,098) (90,330) 3,213 (3,470,176)
Net cash provided (used) by capital & related financing activities	(4,497,592)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest received	333,665
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	333,665
Increase (decrease) in cash & cash equivalents	3,136,833
Cash & cash equivalents, beginning	732,213
Cash & cash equivalents, ending	\$ 3,869,046
FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION RECONCILIATION Cash & cash equivalents Restricted cash & cash equivalents Cash & cash equivalents, ending	\$ 2,258,737 1,610,309 \$ 3,869,046 Continued
	Continued

HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Operating income (loss)	\$	239,526
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Bad debts		44,434
Depreciation		658,136
Changes in assets & liabilities:		
Accounts receivable, excluding bad debts		(227,510)
Prepaid expenses		100,119
Accounts payable - related to operating activities		233,430
Customer deposits payable		5,103
Accrued liabilities		15,267
Pension and OPEB liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources		4,646,943
Unearned income	_	190,669
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ <u></u>	5,906,117
NONCASH CAPITAL & RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Amortization of ground lease	\$	379,322
Amortization of bond premium	\$	3,213

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Humboldt Bay Harbor, Recreation and Conservation District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to the government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

This summary of significant accounting policies of the District is presented to assist in understanding the financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of management, who is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements include all organizations, activities, and functions that comprise the District. The District has no oversight responsibility over any other governmental unit and is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in GASB pronouncements. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Commissioners from the five supervisorial districts in Humboldt County.

B. Nature of Activities

The District is a special district created in 1970 by the State of California. The District was formed for the development of Humboldt County's harbors and ports, for the promotion of commerce, navigation, fisheries, and recreation thereon, as well as the protection of the County's natural resources.

C. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements required by *GASB Statement No. 34*, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, as amended by *GASB Statement No. 63*, include a statement of net position, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows.

The District utilizes an enterprise fund, which is a proprietary fund type. Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Enterprise funds account for goods or services that are provided to outside parties. The District has elected to use the reporting model for special-purpose governments engaged only in business-type activities. In accordance with the business-type activities reporting model, the District prepares its statement of cash flows using the direct method.

D. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured. Basis of accounting refers to the timing of the recognition of revenues and expenditures in the accounts and their reporting in the financial statements. Proprietary fund types are accounted for on an economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting in which revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the related liabilities are incurred.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

D. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting - Cont'd

The District distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are charges to customers for rents and tidelands leases and harbor improvement surcharges. Operating expenses include the cost of maintaining the marina and tidelands, general and administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. Other government grants represent non-operating revenues received from other agencies related to harbor projects, including Spartina eradication, homeland security, port access, aquaponics expansion and other initiatives. Other nonoperating income includes the portion of the PG&E funding (see Note 10) that has been recognized. Grant expenses primarily represent nonoperating expenses related to the other government grants nonoperating revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the District uses restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

The Board of Commissioners adopts a budget annually to be effective July 1st of the ensuing fiscal year. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgetary data for expenses, as revised, are presented in the accompanying supplementary information.

F. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The District evaluates the collectability of receivables in order to determine the allowance for doubtful accounts. As of June 30, 2022, the District recorded an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$336,133. Based on historical experience, the District does not expect additional amounts to become uncollectable, however if they are, they will be charged to operations as a bad debt expense. The impact of any bad debt expense recorded in the future is expected to be immaterial to the financial statements.

G. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be all cash on hand, demand deposits, and pooled cash and investments. The pooled cash and investments consists of cash pooled with the Humboldt County Treasurer's Investment Pool and is used as a demand deposit account.

The District follows the authority governing investments for municipal governments set forth in the California Government Code, Sections 53601 through 53659. The County Treasurer's Investment Pool is administered by the County of Humboldt Treasurer's Office and conforms to the California Government Code. The County's portfolio normally consists of U.S. Treasury issues, U.S. Agency agreements, banker's acceptances, and the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund. All cash invested by the County in demand deposit accounts is collateralized to 110 percent with approved U.S. Government securities, such as Treasury Bills and other U.S. Treasury issues.

The fair value of the District's investments in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasury for the entire County Treasury portfolio.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

H. Capital Assets

The capitalization threshold for all capital assets is \$2,500. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Assets that individually may be below threshold amounts are capitalized if collectively they are above the threshold amount.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is charged as an expense against operations, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Assets class	Useful life
Equipment	3 - 10 Years
Dredging projects	7 Years
Buildings and improvements	20 - 40 Years

I. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. The District reports three categories of net position, as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of net capital assets reduced by outstanding balances of
 any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition,
 construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of
 resources related to those assets.
- Restricted net position is considered restricted, if its use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations.
- *Unrestricted net position* consists of all other net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position" and is available for general use by the District.

K. Property Taxes

The lien date for secured property taxes is March 1st of each year. Taxes are levied as of July 1st on all secured real property and are due and payable November 1st and February 1st of the following fiscal year. Humboldt County is responsible for assessing, collecting, and distributing property taxes in accordance with enabling legislation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

K. Property Taxes - Cont'd

Since the passage of California Proposition 13, beginning with fiscal year 1978-79, taxes are based either on a 1% rate applied to the 1975-76 assessed value of the property, or on 1% of the sales price of the property on sales transactions and construction which occur after the 1975-76 assessment. Assessed values on properties (exclusive of increases related to sales transactions and improvements) can rise at a maximum of 2% per year. The amount collected by the County is distributed in accordance with State law to the various public agencies. Therefore, the District does not levy a specific tax rate but receives a share of the property tax revenue based on State formula.

During fiscal year 1993-94, an alternate method of property tax allocation (the "Teeter Plan") was adopted by the County. Under this Plan, the County's auditor/controller distributes 100 percent of current secured taxes billed to taxing entities during the current year, whether collected or not. The District recognizes property tax revenues on the accrual basis of accounting.

L. Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Plan (the "Plan") and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N. Leases

Lessee

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate
charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing
rate as the discount rate for leases.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

Lessee- Cont'd

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the
measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the
District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lessor

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

O. Compensated Absences

All vested vacation is recognized as an expense and as a liability at the anniversary date of hire during the year ended June 30, 2022. The liability for compensated absences is reported as accrued vacation payable. Additionally, 50% of accrued sick hours over 240 is vested and reported as accrued sick leave payable. The accrued vacation payable and accrued sick leave payable are payable from unrestricted current assets.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2022 were classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash & cash equivalents Restricted cash & cash equivalents	\$ 2,258,737 1,610,309
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,869,046

Restricted cash and cash equivalents activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Marina Dredging	Float Replacement	
	Surcharge	Surcharge	Total
Unexpended cash from marina dredging and float replacement surcharges, June 30, 2021 Collections during the year Less: amount spent during the year	\$ 880,399 197,336 (18,897)	\$ 485,057 66,414	\$ 1,365,456 263,750 (18,897)
Unexpended cash from marina dredging and float replacement surcharges, June 30, 2022	\$ <u>1,058,838</u>	\$ 551,471	1,610,309
Restricted cash, June 30, 2022			\$ 1,610,309

Total cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Cash on hand Deposits held with financial institutions Deposits held with the County Treasurer's Investment Pool Undeposited fund	\$	1,280 2,864,268 1,002,941 557
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$_	3,869,046

The District may invest in any obligations, bonds, or securities in accordance with Section 53601 of the California Government Code, provided that the investment is in compliance with any debt covenant.

Fair value of Deposits held with the County Treasurer's Investment Pool as of June 30, 2022 was \$1,000,032.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - CONT'D

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a failure by a financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code requires that financial institutions secure cash deposits made by state or local governments by pledging securities as collateral. The fair value of the pledged securities must equal at least 110% of the amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure the District's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. The District may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits that are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The District has not waived the collateralization requirement. The District had deposits with bank balances totaling \$2,856,819 as of June 30, 2022. The District had an uninsured balance of \$2,594,765, held with bank as on June 30, 2022.

The custodial credit risk for the County Treasurer's Investment Pool is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of government investment pools.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District does not have a specific policy which relates to interest rate risk.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization; however, the external investment pool with the County Treasury is not rated.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Land Dredging costs (old harbor) Capital work-in-progress (Marina)	\$ 5,758,850 215,227 34,100	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 5,758,850 215,227 34,100
Total nondepreciable capital assets	6,008,177			6,008,177
Depreciable capital assets :				
Building and improvement Automotive equipment Office and operating equipment	17,458,951 95,639 3,977,194	- -	- - -	17,458,951 95,639 3,977,194
Dredging costs	1,214,232	105,201		1,319,433
Total depreciable capital assets	22,746,016	105,201	-	22,851,217
Less: accumulated depreciation	(17,855,858)	(658,136)		(18,513,994)
Depreciable capital assets, net	4,890,158	(552,935)		4,337,223
Total capital assets, net	\$ 10,898,335	\$ (552,935)	\$	\$ 10,345,400

Total depreciation expense charged to operations for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$658,136.

NOTE 4 - NOTES PAYABLE

The following is a schedule of the changes in notes payable for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

									Class	ification
		Beginning Balance		Additions		Deletion		Ending Balance	Current Portion	Long-Term Portion
Refunding Bonds Series 2014 Coast Seafood's Line	\$	2,079,806	\$	-	\$	(111,149)	\$	1,968,657	\$ 229,181	\$ 1,739,476
of Credit Compass BBVA		676,700		-		(676,700)		-	-	-
Bank Loan	_	1,105,633	_		_	(47,249)	_	1,058,384	98,778	959,606
Total	\$_	3,862,139	\$_		\$_	(835,098)	\$_	3,027,041	\$ 327,959	\$ 2,699,082

Refunding of Debt:

On December 22, 2014, the District issued \$3,333,674 in revenue bonds with an interest rate of 4.1 percent, to refund \$2,180,000 of outstanding 2004 revenue bonds with an average interest rate of 5.417 percent and \$1,241,382 of notes payable to the California Department of Boating and Waterways with an interest rate of 4.5 percent. The bonds are secured by net revenues of the District. The District used \$217,702 of proceeds from the debt service reserve fund on the 2004 revenue bonds to fund the refunding issuance costs and reduce the balance borrowed on the 2014 refunding bonds.

The District completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service. The refunding resulted in a total reduction in debt service payments over the next 17 years of \$340,503. The present value of this amount is \$171,421, using a discount rate of 3.1 percent.

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding bonds payable, as of June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Year Ending June 30		Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	229,181	\$	79,408	\$	308,589
2024		238,674		68,897		307,571
2025		248,560		59,011		307,571
2026		258,855		48,716		307,571
2027		269,577		37,994		307,571
2028 - 2029		723,810		45,116		768,926
Total	\$ <u></u>	1,968,657	\$	339,142	\$_	2,307,799

NOTE 4 - NOTES PAYABLE - CONT'D

Coast Seafood's Line of Credit:

The District has a letter of credit agreement with Coast Seafood's Company for up to \$1.25 million. As of June 30, 2018, the District had an outstanding balance of \$1.16 million borrowed from Coast Seafood's Company, at 3.5% annual interest. The loan maturity date was June, 2018. The District has negotiated to extend the loan term for a period of 10 years beginning the first day of December, 2018. Interest rate on new loan is 4.5% annual interest rate. The primary purpose of original letter of credit was to procure funds for the removal of pulp processing liquors mill in the state of Washington, which began in April 2014 and completed in September 2014. The District pledged collateral of interest in all of the revenue assets of district set forth above as may be evidence by a Line of Credit Instrument, Security Agreement, Assignment of Leases and Rents, Fixture.

On December 10, 2020, the District entered into an amendment agreement. With the effect of amendment, the interest rate is 3.25%, and the loan tenure will end on April 30, 2023.

On November 1, 2021, the final payment was made to close the loan amount.

Compass BBVA Bank Loan:

On March 8, 2016, the District borrowed \$1,560,000 from Compass BBVA Bank, at a 5.99% annual interest rate. Payments of principal and interest are due semi-annually with the first payment due July 1, 2016. The loan matures on July 1, 2030. In conjunction with this loan, the District entered into an installment sale agreement and pledged all net revenues as collateral with Compass BBVA Bank for the payment of this obligation.

As of June 30, 2022, future debt service related to this loan was as follows:

Year Ending June 30	 Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$ 98,778	\$	61,947	\$	160,725
2024	104,792		55,945		160,737
2025	111,163		49,574		160,737
2026	117,922		42,815		160,737
2027	125,091		35,646		160,737
2028 - 2030	 500,638	_	61,767	_	562,405
Total	\$ 1,058,384	\$	307,694	\$	1,366,078

NOTE 5 - LEASES

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the financial statements include the adoption of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about a government's leasing activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

Lease Receivables

The District entered into various Lease Agreement with lease terms ranging from 1 to 29 years. At June 30, 2022, the receivable balance was \$3,470,176. The annual discount rate is 7 percent and monthly lease payments range from \$48 to \$9,429. Deferred inflow of resources was \$3,450,831 and revenue recognized was \$365,210.

Minimum lease payments receivable are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	 Principal		Interest	_	Total
2023	\$ 470,170	\$	231,891	\$	702,061
2024	459,032		196,276		655,308
2025	469,004		165,441		634,445
2026	436,159		133,822		569,981
2027	397,285		104,704		501,989
2028-2032	856,526		264,357		1,120,883
2033-2037	214,851		81,952		296,803
2038-2042	47,727		52,273		100,000
2043-2047	66,940		33,060		100,000
2048-2050	52,482	_	7,515	_	59,997
Total	\$ 3,470,176	\$	1,271,291	\$	4,741,467

NOTE 6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Plan Description

The District has established the Humboldt Bay Harbor, Recreation, and Conservation District Retiree Healthcare Plan (HC Plan), a single-employer plan. The HC Plan provides healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses. The District pays 100% of the health insurance premiums for retired employees with a minimum of ten years of service and who have reached a minimum of fifty-five years of age up until age sixty-five. The District pays 50% of the health insurance premiums for the retiree spouse who must enroll in Medicare, if eligible. Any employee hired after December 1, 2011, will not be eligible for retiree health insurance. The HC Plan has not established or accumulated any assets in a trust. A separate financial report is not prepared for the HC Plan.

NOTE 6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT - CONT'D

Employees Covered

As of June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the HC Plan:

Active employees	1
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet	2
receiving benefits	0
Total	3

B. Contributions

The HC Plan and its contribution requirements are established by agreements with the applicable employee bargaining units and may be amended by agreements between the District and the bargaining units. The annual contribution is based on the current insurance premiums due for the participating retirees. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District's cash contributions were \$32,364, and there was no estimated implied subsidy, resulting in total payments of \$32,364. No trust has been created for the purpose of prefunding obligations for past services.

C. Funding Policy

The District funds post-employment health benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District's contributions for post-employment health benefit costs were \$33,459.

D. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's Net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the Total OPEB liability used to calculate the Net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

NOTE 6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT - CONT'D

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

The Total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry-age actuarial cost method

Discount Rate 3.54% Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases 2.75% per annum, in aggregate

Investment Rate of Return 3.54% net of expenses

Mortality Rate Derived using 2017 CalPERS Active Mortality

for Miscellaneous Employees tables

Pre-Retirement Turnover Derived using 2017 CalPERS Turnover for

Miscellaneous Employees tables

Healthcare Trend Rate 4.00%

There were no plan assets as of June 30, 2022.

F. Information Related to Assumptions and Other Inputs

Following is the table, the assumptions are based upon.

Mortality 2017 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and Schools Employees

The mortality assumptions are based on the 2017 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and Schools Employees table created by CalPERS. CalPERS periodically studies mortality for participating agencies and establishes mortality tables that are modified

versions of commonly used tables.

2017 CalPERS Retiree Mortality for All Employees

The mortality assumptions are based on the 2017 CalPERS Retiree Mortality for All Employees table created by CalPERS. CalPERS periodically studies mortality for participating agencies and establishes mortality tables that are modified versions of

commonly used tables.

Retirement 2017 CalPERS 2.0%@55 Rates for Miscellaneous Employees

The retirement assumptions are based on the 2017 CalPERS 2.0%@55 Rates for Miscellaneous Employees table created by CalPERS. CalPERS periodically studies the experience for participating agencies and establishes tables that are appropriate for

each pool.

Turnover 2017 CalPERS Turnover for Miscellaneous Employees

The turnover assumptions are based on the 2017 CalPERS Turnover for Miscellaneous Employees table created by CalPERS. CalPERS periodically studies the experience for participating agencies and establishes tables that are appropriate for

each pool.

For other assumptions, actual plan provisions and plan data were used.

The alternative measurement method was not used in this valuation.

NOTE 6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT - CONT'D

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate estimates investment earnings for assets earmarked to cover retiree health benefit liabilities. The discount rate depends on the nature of underlying assets for funded plans. The rate used for a funded plan is the real rate of return expected for plan assets plus the long term inflation assumption. For an unfunded plan, the discount rate is based on an index of 20 year General Obligation municipal bonds. For partially funded plans, the discount rate is a blend of the funded and unfunded rates. The discount rate used in the valuation was 3.54%.

H. Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Changes in Net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Service cost	\$	3,392
Interest on total OPEB liability		4,454
Employer contribution as Benefit Payments		(32,364)
Changes in assumptions	_	(9,400)
Net changes during 2021-22		(33,918)
Net OPEB liability - beginning of year	_	220,710
Net OPEB liability - end of year	\$_	186,792

I. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Net OPEB liability, as well as what the Net OPEB liability would be, if it was calculated using a discount rate (3.54 percent) that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.54 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.54 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Discount Rate 1%		Valuation Discount		Discount Rate 1%	
	Lower		Rate		Higher	
Net OPEB liability	\$	194,283	\$	186,792	\$	184,452

J. Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the Net OPEB liability, as well as what the Net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates (4.00 percent) that are 1-percentage-point lower (3.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.00 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Tre	Trend 1% Lower		Valuation Trend		Trend 1% Higher	
Net OPEB liability	\$	177,918	\$	186,792	\$	195,914	

NOTE 6 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT - CONT'D

K. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense/(income) of \$(23,299).

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	- 842	\$	23,071 6,042
Total	\$	842	\$	29,113

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended	Def	ferred Outflow/
June 30	(Inflo	ws) of Resources
2023	\$	(25,587)
2024		(2,684)
2025		-
Thereafter		
Total	\$	(28,271)

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Description

The Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (the Plan) is administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The plan consists of a miscellaneous risk pool and a risk safety pool, which are comprised of individual employer miscellaneous and safety rate plans, respectively. Individual employers may sponsor more than one miscellaneous and safety rate plan. The District does not have any rate plans in the safety risk pool.

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLAN - CONT'D

B. Benefits Provided

The Plan provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Classic members and PEPRA Safety members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. PEPRA Miscellaneous members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The death benefit is the Basic Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

Employer rate plan	Miscellaneous Prior to January 01, 2013	PEPRA Misc. On or After January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2.0% @ 55	2.0% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years' service	5 years' service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	50	52
Required employee contribution rates	7%	6.75%
Required employer contribution rates	10.484%	7.732%

C. Contribution

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions.

The District's contributions to Miscellaneous Risk Pool plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, was \$150,868.

<u>D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

As of June 30, 2022, the District reported net pension liability of \$577,703 for its proportionate share of net Pension liability of the Miscellaneous Risk Pool.

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLAN - CONT'D

<u>D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Cont'd</u>

As of June 30, 2022, the District's reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability was \$577,703.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 for Miscellaneous Risk Pool was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2021	0.027280 %
Proportion - June 30, 2022	0.030420 %
Change - increase/(decrease)	0.003140 %

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$89,590. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows of Resources	De	ferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Change in assumptions	\$ 64,783	\$	-
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	-		504,304
Change in employer's proportion Differences between employer's contributions and	65,537		-
proportionate share of contributions	150.000		85,845
Contributions subsequent to measurement date	 150,868	_	
Total	\$ 281,188	\$ <u></u>	590,149

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Deferre	ed Outflows/ (Inflows)
	of Resources
\$	(103,406)
	(102,974)
	(114,085)
	(139,364)
	<u>-</u>
\$	(459,829)
	\$

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLAN - CONT'D

E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

Total pension liability for the June 30, 2021 measurement period was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The total pension liability was based on the following assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirements of

GASB Statement No. 68

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 7.15% Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Mortality Rate Table*

Post-retirement Benefit Increases

Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds

Contract COLA up to 2.50% until Purchasing Power

Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies,

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

^{*} The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries 90% of scale MP 2016.

NOTE 7 - PENSION PLAN - CONT'D

G. Long-term Expected Rate of Return - Cont'd

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

Asset Class*	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10**	Real Return Years 11+***
Public equity	50.0 %	4.80 %	5.98 %
Fixed income	28.0	1.00	2.62
Inflation assets	-	0.77	1.81
Private equity	8.0	6.30	7.23
Real assets	13.0	3.75	4.93
Liquidity	1.0	-	(0.92)

^{*}In the System's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-Term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global debt Securities.

<u>H. Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Miscellaneous Risk Pool as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Discou	unt Rate Less 1%	Cur	rent Discount	Di	scount Rate plus 1%
		(6.15%)		(7.15%)		(8.15%)
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,299,424	\$	577,703	\$	(18,934)

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

Additional financial and actuarial information required for GASB Statement No. 68 disclosures is located in CalPERS' ACFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and the CalPERS' GASB 68 Accounting Valuation Report for the public agency cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, which can be found on CalPERS' website at https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/forms-publications/gasb-68.

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains commercial coverage covering each of those risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the District. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three years.

^{**}An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

^{***}An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

NOTE 9 - NEW MARKET TAX CREDIT TRANSACTION

The District is a sponsor of New Markets Tax Credits (NMTC) to support redevelopment in distressed communities. The New Markets Tax Credit Program (NMTC Program) was established by Congress in 2000 to spur new or increased investments in operating businesses and real estate projects located in low-income communities.

The District, in collaboration with Chase Bank (Bank), entered into various agreements to provide for the completion of the Humboldt Bay Eco-Industrial Park project, consisting of renovations and improvements to property in Samoa, Humboldt County, California. As part of the NMTC Program transaction, a new independent entity, Humboldt Bay Development Association, Inc. (HBDA) a not-for-profit organization, was formed to participate under the Federal NMTC guidelines and to complete the project improvements. Also, pursuant to NMTC Program requirements, several financial intermediaries were established to finance the project. HBDA's construction costs are projected to be approximately \$5.20 million.

As required under the NMTC agreements with these entities, the District loaned the Chase NMTC Samoa Investment Fund, LLC \$5,849,375 and within the NMTC structure invested \$398,057 in cash to the transaction. Within the structure of the NMTC transaction, this \$398,057 cash investment was offset by a \$565,000 reimbursement from HBDA for project costs incurred by the District prior to the NMTC closing, and the funds to provide the loan to Chase NMTC Samoa Investment Fund, LLC were obtained through proceeds in the amount of \$3,906,000 for a long-term ground lease of the Samoa property to HBDA and from a \$1,560,000 loan obtained from Compass BBVA Bank.

The District's leveraged loan receivable from Chase NMTC Samoa Investment Fund, LLC bears interest of 2.7481% and is receivable in quarterly interest-only payments from June 10, 2016 through March 10, 2023; thereafter principal and interest payments are due until March 10, 2046. As of June 30, 2022, the balance of the loan receivable was \$5.849,375.

The District recorded the ground lease as unearned revenue in the liabilities section of its balance sheet, and will recognize operating income over the course of the lease. The District recognized \$60,092 of operating revenue during the year ended June 30, 2022, for a remaining balance of unearned income for an amount of as of \$3,466,585 as long-term deferred income as of June 30, 2022.

To fund HBDA's initial cost of the ground lease and the remaining project costs to be incurred by HBDA, within the NMTC structure New Markets Community Capital XVII, LLC and CNMC SUT-CDE 69, LLC loaned HBDA funds totaling \$8,680,000. In addition, the District and HBDA signed lease agreements under which the District is leasing-back the Samoa, California property from HBDA for the District's operations related to that asset.

As of June 30, 2022, unearned income consisted of:

Unearned HBDA ground lease income - current	\$	60,092
Unearned PG&E dredge-related income (Note 10)		1,005,829
Unearned lease income (outfall pipe, tidelands, slip rentals and warehouse)	_	159,056
Total unearned income - current	_	1,224,977
Unearned HBDA ground lease income - long-term	_	3,466,585
Total unearned income	\$_	4,691,562

NOTE 9 - NEW MARKET TAX CREDIT TRANSACTION - CONT'D

There is a seven-year compliance period for the NMTC program. For the District, the seven-year period ends on March 30, 2023. At that point there is put call option where District has the option to purchase the outstanding debt from the various entities involved for \$1,000. At that point the various NMTC loans payable and receivable will be eliminated. It is estimated that the total cost to the District to terminate the agreements in March 2023 will be less than \$25,000, including professional and legal services.

NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

PG&E Agreement

During 2014, Pacific Gas and Electric (PG&E) paid the District \$2.0 million for the specific purpose of procuring dredging equipment, financing initial start-up and training of the District personnel, and reuse or disposal of dredged material. As part of the agreement, the District has committed to perform a one-time dredging of certain real property owned by PG&E and located near King Salmon known as Fisherman's Channel. The District assumes responsibility for the dredging activities and repair work of Fisherman's Channel, and upon completion of these contract terms, the District will obtain ownership of the Fisherman's Channel. As of June 30, 2022, \$1,005,829 of the PG&E funding has not been used and is recorded as unearned income on the statement of net position. The District believes the PG&E grant will cover the costs associated with this commitment. This represents a significant management estimate and actual results could differ.

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Settlement Agreement

In June 2015, the District signed a settlement agreement with the EPA related to the approximately \$13.3 million of costs the EPA incurred to clean-up Parcel A on the Samoa Peninsula (the site). The agreement stipulates that the District will pay all or a portion of this liability from the salvage of fixtures and equipment at the site, or from the potential sale of the property. The obligation to reimburse the EPA from net proceeds of a sale of any real property within the site shall not apply to the property for any sale that occurs at least seven years after August 26, 2015, the date of the agreement. The term of this agreement expired on August 26, 2022. There were no sales of real property from the site during the agreement term. There are no further contingent liabilities associated with this agreement as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 11 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has reviewed the change in the net position and evaluated all subsequent events through January 18, 2023, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.



HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND CONSERVATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY LAST TEN YEARS*

Measurement Period, June 30	2022			2021		2020		2019		2018	
Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Employer contribution as benefit	\$	3,392 4,454	\$	4,715 6,905	\$	3,771 7,841	\$	20,986 19,794	\$	19,877 21,313	
payments Experience gains/losses Changes in assumptions	_	(32,364) - (9,400)	_	(55,906) (80,755) 2,952	_	(75,367) (5,321) 16,988	-	(83,586) (118,069) 3,564	_	(80,371) - -	
Net change in net OPEB liability		(33,918)		(122,089)		(52,088)		(157,311)		(39,181)	
Net OPEB liability - beginning of year	_	220,710	-	342,799	_	394,887		552,198	_	591,379	
Net OPEB liability - end of year	\$ <u>_</u>	186,792	\$	220,710	\$_	342,799	\$	394,887	\$_	552,198	
Covered employee payroll	\$	41,913	\$	47,351	\$	60,367	\$	276,928	\$	376,937	
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		445.67 %		466.11 %		567.86 %		142.60 %		146.50 %	

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

- 1. The District's retiree healthcare plan had no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement no. 75, paragraph 4.
- 2. Changes in assumptions Discount rate changed from 2.15% to 3.54%.
- 3. There are no statutorily or contractually established contribution requirements.

^{*} Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND CONSERVATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN YEARS*

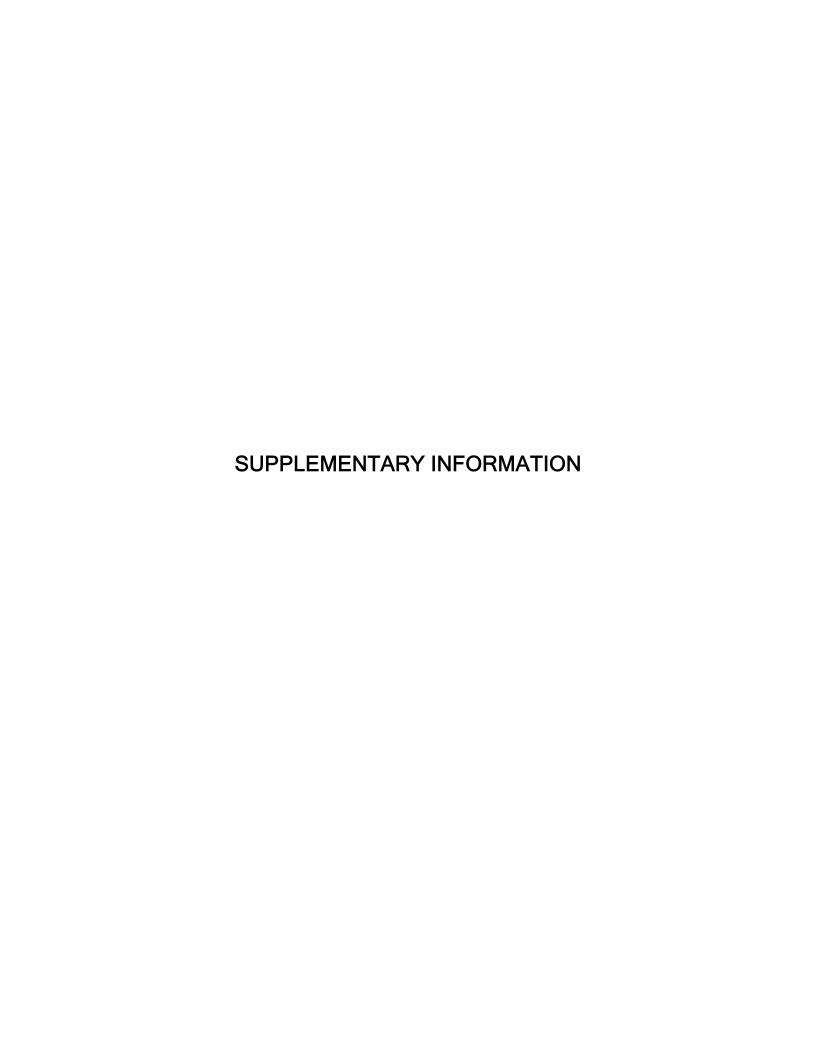
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	0.030425 %	0.027280 %	0.010080 %	0.009570 %	0.009500 %	0.009023 %	0.007965 %	0.008534 %
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability /(Asset)	\$ 577,703	\$ 1,150,835	\$ 1,033,203	\$ 921,868	\$ 941,780	\$ 780,795	\$ 546,685	\$ 531,034
Plan's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 788,024	\$ 764,169	\$ 764,169	\$ 889,228	\$ 794,364	\$ 863,258	\$ 871,775	\$ 730,490
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as Percentage of Covered- Employee Payroll	73.31 %	150.60 %	135.21 %	103.67 %	118.56 %	90.45 %	62.71 %	72.70 %
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	89.43 %	77.39 %	79.58 %	78.81 %	77.50 %	80.01 %	83.38 %	83.19 %

^{*} Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND CONSERVATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TEN YEARS*

	_	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021	,	June 30, 2020	_	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	_	June 30, 2015
Actuarially Determined Contributions	\$	150,868	\$	136,505	\$	55,338	\$	54,414	\$	53,870	\$	83,233	\$	75,091	\$	68,939
Actual Contributions During the Measurement Period	-	(150,868)	-	(136,505)	_	(55,338)	-	(54,414)	-	(53,870)	_	(83,233)	_	(75,091)	_	(68,939)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$		\$_		\$		\$		\$_		\$_		\$_	
Covered employee payroll Contributions as a Percentage of	\$	832,988	\$	788,024	\$	764,169	\$	889,228	\$	794,364	\$	863,258	\$	871,775	\$	730,490
Covered Employee Payroll		18.11 %		17.32 %		7.24 %		6.12 %		6.78 %		9.64 %		8.61 %		9.44 %

^{*} Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.



HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES UNRESTRICTED AND TIDELANDS TRUST FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Inrestricted	Tid	elands Trust		Total
OPERATING REVENUES						
Sales & permits	\$	1,600	\$	5,300	\$	6,900
Slip rentals	•	, -	·	811,422	·	811,422
Utility charges		56,891		48,908		105,799
Rents and concessions		2,342,322		38,091		2,380,413
Rents - tideland leases		-		365,210		365,210
Late fees and interest		4,854		9,942		14,796
Harbor improvement surcharge		-		140,939		140,939
Pilotage services		_		3,307		3,307
Other revenue		313				313
Total operating revenues		2,405,980		1,423,119	_	3,829,099
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries and wages		522,502		384,600		907,102
Payroll benefits		227,764		171,444		399,208
Advertising & promotion		2,520		1,044		3,564
Bad debt		6,267		38,166		44,433
Communications		30,255		1,773		32,028
Conference & meetings		17,389		182		17,571
Dues & subscriptions		38,931		-		38,931
Elections		86,144		_		86,144
Insurance		49,125		56,867		105,992
Automotive expenses		15,010		470		15,480
Office expenses		42,457		813		43,270
Operating supplies		1,264		10,922		12,186
Outside services		15,590		2,472		18,062
Engineering fees		120,138		-		120,138
Legal fees		29,360		_		29,360
Accounting fees		46,387		-		46,387
Rents and leases		231,177		-		231,177
Repairs and maintenance		200,575		79,644		280,219
Planning services		33,598		(1,313)		32,285
Utilities		352,166		99,270		451,436
Permits		16,465		105 044		16,465
Depreciation		463,092	_	195,044	_	658,136
Total operating expenses		2,548,176	_	1,041,398		3,589,574
Operating income (loss)	\$	(142,196)	\$	381,721	\$ <u></u>	239,525

HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES UNRESTRICTED AND TIDELANDS TRUST FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Unrestricted	Ti	delands Trust		Total
NONOPERATING REVENUES Investment income General property taxes Other government grants Other nonoperating incomes	\$	292,429 1,244,693 62,006 63,749	\$	50,347 S - - - 33,364	\$ _	342,776 1,244,693 62,006 97,113
Total nonoperating revenues	_	1,662,877	_	83,711	_	1,746,588
NONOPERATING EXPENSES						
Interest expenses Grant expenses Other nonoperating expenses	_	74,884 930 8,239		87,504 - -	_	162,388 930 8,239
Total nonoperating expenses	_	84,053	_	87,504		171,557
Net nonoperating revenues and expenses	_	1,578,824	_	(3,793)		1,575,031
Change in net position		1,436,628		377,928		1,814,556
Net position, beginning	_	10,151,745	_	(1,861,555)	_	8,290,190
Restatement of prior year cable landing fee	_	200,000	_	(200,000)		
Net position, beginning, as restated	_	10,351,745	_	(2,061,555)	_	8,290,190
Net position, ending	\$_	11,788,373	\$_	(1,683,627)	\$_	10,104,746

HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES MARINA AND GENERAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Marina		General		Total
OPERATING REVENUES		_		_		
Sales & permits	\$	11,026	\$	1,600	\$	12,626
Rents and concessions		41,670		35,817		77,487
Slip rentals		570,787		11,830		582,617
Rents - tideland leases		-		365,210		365,210
Pilotage services		-		3,307		3,307
Late fees and interest		9,397		5,399		14,796
Fields landing fees and rents		4,955		11,404		16,359
Harbor improvement surcharge		-		140,939		140,939
Dredging surcharge		197,336		-		197,336
Upland rent		168,218		2,020,181		2,188,399
Transient rentals		31,469		-		31,469
Utility charges		54,555		51,244		105,799
Redwood Terminal 2		-		60,092		60,092
Other revenue				32,663		32,663
Total operating revenues		1,089,413	_	2,739,686		3,829,099
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Payroll and related cost		550,199		725,467		1,275,666
Commissioner's fees		-		24,800		24,800
Imputed auto value		552		956		1,508
Advertising & promotion		556		3,008		3,564
Automobile expenses		(259)		26,132		25,873
Bad debt		` 47 [°]		44,387		44,434
Communications		1,773		30,255		32,028
Conference & meetings		87		17,440		17,527
Dues & subscriptions		-		55,395		55,395
Elections		-		86,144		86,144
Insurance		42,839		63,152		105,991
Rents and leases		-		3,334		3,334
Legal & other professional fees		-		181,784		181,784
Office expenses		525		41,506		42,031
Operating supplies		18,386		6,079		24,465
Outside services		8,316		16,873		25,189
Accounting fees		40.004		46,387		46,387
Repairs and maintenance		48,224		203,120		251,344
Utilities		183,966		267,469		451,435
Redwood terminal 2 expenses		- 2 424		227,843		227,843
Small Tools Depreciation		3,431 220,317		1,265 437,819		4,696 658,136
·		1,078,959	_	2,510,615	•	3,589,574
Total operating expenses	ф		_ _		Φ.	
Operating income (loss)	\$	10,454	\$_	229,071	\$	239,526

HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES MARINA AND GENERAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Marina		 General		Total
NONOPERATING REVENUES					
Investment income	\$	-	\$ 342,776	\$	342,776
General property taxes		-	1,244,693		1,244,693
Federal revenues Other government grants		-	98 61,908		98 61,908
Other nonoperating incomes		841	96,272	_	97,113
Total nonoperating revenues		841	1,745,747	_	1,746,588
NONOPERATING EXPENSES					
Interest expenses		32,556	129,832		162,388
Grant expenses		-	930		930
Other nonoperating expenses		7,500	 739	_	8,239
Total nonoperating expenses		40,056	131,501	_	171,557
Net nonoperating revenues and expenses		(39,215)	 1,614,246	_	1,575,031
Change in net position	\$	(28,761)	\$ 1,843,317	\$_	1,814,556

HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET TO ACTUAL - MARINA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Marina		
	 Budget		Actual	Va	riance Favorable (Unfavorable)
OPERATING REVENUES					
Sales & permits Rents and concessions Slip rentals Fields landing fees and rents Rents - redwood terminal 2 Transient rentals Marina dredging surcharge Upland rent Utility charges	\$ 9,400 25,000 771,000 14,500 140,000 - - - 51,800	\$	11,026 41,670 570,787 4,955 31,469 197,336 168,218 54,555	\$	1,626 16,670 (200,213) (9,545) (140,000) 31,469 197,336 168,218 2,755
Late fees and interest	 10,700		9,397	_	(1,303)
Total operating revenues	 1,022,400	_	1,089,413	_	67,013
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Payroll and related cost Advertising & promotion Bad debt	599,707 1,000 -		550,751 556 47		48,956 444 (47)
Communications Conference & meetings Dredging expense	13,000 4,000 318,000		1,773 87 -		11,227 3,913 318,000
Float replacement Insurance Automotive expenses Office expenses	42,500 44,500 1,300 1,000		42,839 (259) 525		42,500 1,661 1,559 475
Operating supplies Outside service Repairs and maintenance	9,200 3,000 111,800		18,386 8,316 48,224		(9,186) (5,316) 63,576
Utilities Small tools Depreciation	 		183,966 3,431 220,317	_	(183,966) (3,431) (220,317)
Total Operating Expenses	1,149,007		1,078,959		70,048
Operating income (loss)	\$ (126,607)	\$_	10,454	\$_	137,061

HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET TO ACTUAL - MARINA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

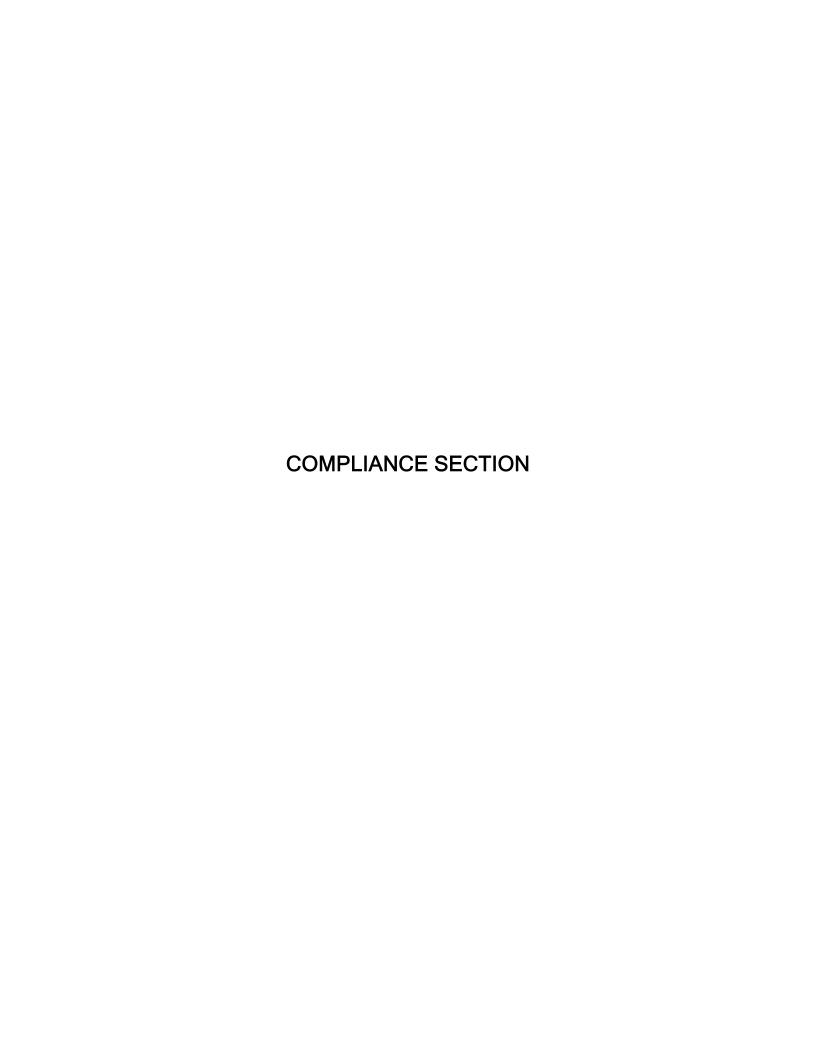
		Marina		
	 Budget	 Actual	V	ariance Favorable (Unfavorable)
NONOPERATING REVENUES:				
Reserve withdrawal dredge fund Other nonoperating incomes	\$ 148,000 100	\$ - 841	\$	(148,000) 741
Total nonoperating revenues	 148,100	 841	_	(147,259 <u>)</u>
NONOPERATING EXPENSES:				
Interest expenses Capital Expenditure Other nonoperating expenses	 32,600 52,000 258,300	 32,556 - 7,500	_	44 52,000 250,800
Total nonoperating expenses	 342,900	 40,056	_	302,844
Net nonoperating revenues and expenses	(194,800)	 (39,215)	_	155,585
Change in net position	\$ (321,407)	\$ (28,761)	\$_	292,646

HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET TO ACTUAL - GENERAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FOR THE YEAR	ENL	DED JUNE 30, 20)22	General	
		Budget		Actual	ance Favorable Unfavorable)
OPERATING REVENUES					
Sales & permits Slip rentals Rents and concessions Rents - tideland leases Upland rent Late fees and interest on past due accounts Redwood Terminal 2 Fields landing fees and rents Harbor improvement surcharge Utility charges Other revenues Pilotage services	\$ -	20,000 15,902 430,000 - 40 2,024,050 52,358 210,000 78,450 32,350	\$	1,600 11,830 35,817 365,210 2,020,181 5,399 60,092 11,404 140,939 51,244 32,663 3,307	\$ 1,600 (8,170) 19,915 (64,790) 2,020,181 5,359 (1,963,958) (40,954) (69,061) (27,206) 313 3,307
Total operating revenues	-	2,863,150	_	2,739,686	 (123,464)
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Payroll and related cost Commissioner's fees Advertising and promotion Bad debt Communications Conference & meetings Dues & subscriptions Elections Insurance Automotive expenses Office expenses Operating supplies Outside services Accounting fees Repairs and maintenance Utilities Rent expense Redwood terminal 2 expenses Small tools Legal and other professional expenses Depreciation		820,799 25,200 3,550 - 20,400 8,500 61,100 149,800 63,050 19,650 22,180 4,150 142,500 61,500 145,350 279,030 - 211,800 3,200 209,200		726,423 24,800 3,008 44,387 30,255 17,440 55,395 86,144 63,152 26,132 41,506 6,079 16,873 46,387 203,120 267,469 3,334 227,843 1,265 181,784 437,819	94,376 400 542 (44,387) (9,855) (8,940) 5,705 63,656 (102) (6,482) (19,326) (1,929) 125,627 15,113 (57,770) 11,561 (3,334) (16,043) 1,935 27,416 (437,819)
•	-	2,250,959	_	•	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total operating expenses	<u>-</u>		_ _	2,510,615	 (259,656)
Operating income (loss)	\$	612,191	\$_	229,071	\$ (383,120)

HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET TO ACTUAL - GENERAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General						
		Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES							
Investment income General property taxes Federal revenues Other government grants Other nonoperating incomes	\$ 	164,800 1,278,178 - 194,000 59,172	\$	342,775 1,244,693 98 61,908 96,272	\$	177,975 (33,485) 98 (132,092) 37,100	
Total nonoperating revenues		1,696,150	_	1,745,746	_	49,596	
NONOPERATING EXPENSES							
Interest expenses Grant expenses Capital Expenditure Other nonoperating expenses	_	144,100 194,000 38,500 326,567	_	129,832 930 - 739	_	14,268 193,070 38,500 325,828	
Total nonoperating expenses		703,167	_	131,501	_	571,666	
Net nonoperating revenues and expenses		992,983	_	1,614,245	_	621,262	
Change in net position	\$	1,605,174	\$_	1,843,316	\$_	238,142	





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners Humboldt Bay Harbor, Recreation and Conservation District Eureka, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Humboldt Bay Harbor, Recreation and Conservation District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 18, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Harshwal & Company llP

San Diego, California January 18, 2023

HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND CONSERVATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness?

None reported No

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FINDINGS

There are no findings in the current year to report.

HUMBOLDT BAY HARBOR, RECREATION AND CONSERVATION DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR'S FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

No matters were reported in prior years.